

Design Technology Progression of Knowledge and Skills

Year 1

Design	Make	Evaluate
<p>KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum</p> <p>Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing.</p> <p>They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home and school, gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment].</p> <p>Children design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria.</p> <p>They generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology.</p> <p>Children can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • use their knowledge of existing products and their own experience to help generate their ideas; • design products that have a purpose and are aimed at an intended user; • explain how their products will look and work through talking and simple annotated drawings; • design models using simple computing software; • plan and test ideas using templates and mock-ups; • understand and follow simple design criteria; • work in a range of relevant contexts, for example imaginary, story-based, home, school and the wider environment. 	<p>KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum</p> <p>Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of making.</p> <p>Children select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing].</p> <p>They select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics.</p> <p>Children can:</p> <p>Planning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • with support, follow a simple plan or recipe; • begin to select from a range of hand tools and equipment, such as scissors, graters, zesters, safe knives, juicer; <p>Practical skills and techniques</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • learn to use hand tools and kitchen equipment safely and appropriately and learn to follow hygiene procedures; • use a range of materials and components, including textiles and food ingredients; • assemble, join and combine materials, components or ingredients; • use a basic running stitch; • cut, peel and grate ingredients, including measuring and weighing ingredients using measuring cups; • begin to use simple finishing techniques to improve the appearance of their product, such as adding simple decorations. 	<p>KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum</p> <p>Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making.</p> <p>Children explore and evaluate a range of existing products. They evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria. Children can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • explore and evaluate existing products mainly through discussions, comparisons and simple written evaluations; • explain positives and things to improve for existing products; • explore what materials products are made from; • talk about their design ideas and what they are making; • evaluate their products and ideas against their simple design criteria;

Technical Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition
<p>KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum</p> <p>Children build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable.</p> <p>They explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.</p> <p>Children can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • build simple structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable; • talk about and start to understand the simple working characteristics of materials and components; • explore and create products using mechanisms, such as levers, sliders and wheels. 	<p>KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum</p> <p>Children use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes.</p> <p>They understand where food comes from.</p> <p>Children can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • understand that all food comes from plants or animals; • understand that food has to be farmed, grown elsewhere (e.g. home) or caught; • understand that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables every day and start to explain why;

Year 2

Design	Make	Evaluate
<p>KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum</p> <p>Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing.</p> <p>They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home and school, gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment].</p> <p>Children design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria.</p> <p>They generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology.</p> <p>Children can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● use their knowledge of existing products and their own experience to help generate their ideas; ● design products that have a purpose and are aimed at an intended user; ● explain how their products will look and work through talking and simple annotated drawings; ● design models using simple computing software; ● plan and test ideas using templates and mock-ups; ● understand and follow simple design criteria; ● work in a range of relevant contexts, for example imaginary, story-based, home, school and the wider environment. 	<p>KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum</p> <p>Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of making.</p> <p>Children select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing].</p> <p>They select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics.</p> <p>Children can:</p> <p>Planning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● follow a simple plan or recipe; ● select from a range of hand tools and equipment, such as scissors, graters, zesters, safe knives, juicer; ● select from a range of materials, textiles and components according to their characteristics; <p>Practical skills and techniques</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● learn to use hand tools and kitchen equipment safely and appropriately and learn to follow hygiene procedures; ● use a range of materials and components, including textiles and food ingredients; ● with help, measure and mark out; ● cut, shape and score materials with some accuracy; ● assemble, join and combine materials, components or ingredients; ● demonstrate how to cut, shape and join fabric to make a simple product; ● manipulate fabrics in simple ways to create the desired effect; ● confidently use a basic running stitch; ● cut, peel and grate ingredients, including measuring and weighing ingredients using measuring equipment; ● begin to use simple finishing techniques to improve the appearance of their product, such as adding simple decorations. 	<p>KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum</p> <p>Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making.</p> <p>Children explore and evaluate a range of existing products. They evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria. Children can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● explore and evaluate existing products mainly through discussions, comparisons and simple written evaluations; ● explain positives and things to improve for existing products; ● explore what materials products are made from; ● talk about their design ideas and what they are making; ● as they work, start to identify strengths and possible changes they might make to refine their existing design; ● evaluate their products and ideas against their simple design criteria; ● start to understand that the iterative process sometimes involves repeating different stages of the process.

Technical Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition
<p>KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum</p> <p>Children build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable.</p> <p>They explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.</p> <p>Children can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • build simple structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable; • talk about and start to understand the simple working characteristics of materials and components; • explore and create products using mechanisms, such as levers, sliders and wheels. 	<p>KS1 Design and Technology National Curriculum</p> <p>Children use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes.</p> <p>They understand where food comes from.</p> <p>Children can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • explain where in the world different foods originate from; • understand that all food comes from plants or animals; • understand that food has to be farmed, grown elsewhere (e.g. home) or caught; • name and sort foods into the five groups in the Eatwell Guide; • understand that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables every day and start to explain why; • use what they know about the Eatwell Guide to design and prepare dishes.